

Job Scheduling Techniques for Large Origin Systems

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Agenda



- Batch job scheduling with dynamic cpusets
- Preemptive, priority job scheduling for operational weather forecasting at FNMOC



Batch Job Scheduling with Dynamic Cpusets



Motivation: Minimize runtime variation & job interference on a loaded system

- IRIX Cpusets provide method for allocating and isolating CPUs and memory for individual jobs
- Effective partitioning of system resources
 - both static & dynamic partitions
- Batch systems support cpusets
 - LSF, PBS, GRD, ...



IRIX Cpusets



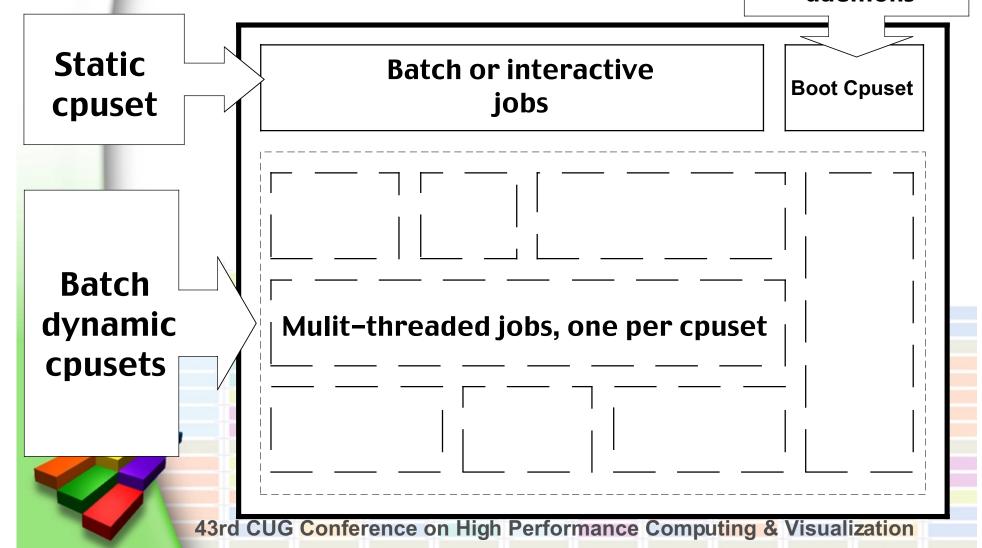
- Cpusets:
 - Group physical CPUs (& memory) as unit
 - Jobs (parent, children) execute in cpusets
 - Can set process and memory policies
- Static can exist across reboots
- Dynamic create/destroy before/after job runs
- Integration with batch systems (via API & CLI)



Resource 'Partitioning' with Cpusets

sgi

Kernel processes, daemons



Benchmark Example:LSF+CpusetsSgl

- Customer throughput benchmark
- 50 jobs, 10 codes
 - same & different: # processors, input data
 - all MPI, one hybrid (MPI+OpenMP)
- No changes to number of processors or order of submission
- Included 5 min. sleeps between jobs
- No tricks allowed
- Used dedicated 128P/128GB O3000 (all 128P used for compute)

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Benchmark Example:LSF+CpusetsSgi

LSF without cpusets

- Total elapsed time = 4:19:01
- In particular, identical pgm_02 jobs:

LSF with cpusets

- Total elapsed time = 2:51:06
- In particular, identical pgm_02 jobs:

```
038_pgm_02:real 8:08:39
039 pgm 02:real 8:03.69
```

- Ideal time (no sleeps) = 2:21:22
- Time without sleeps = 2:35:47



Benchmark Results: LSF with and w/o dynamic cpusets Sgi

		Time	Ratio	Time	Ratio
	Time	w/o	(w/o)	with	with
code	dedicated	cpusets	/ ded.	cpusets	<u>/ ded.</u>
001_pgm_03	0:29:20	0:31:25	1.07	0:30:04	1.03
002_pgm_03	0:16:29	0:20:17	1.23	0:16:32	1.00
003_pgm_11	0:17:42	0:19:13	1.09	0:18:14	1.03
004_pgm_12	0:04:59	0:06:52	1.38	0:05:04	1.02
005_pgm_06	0:04:41	0:04:55	1.05	0:04:56	1.05
006_pgm_08	0:13:52	0:15:49	1.14	0:12:53	0.93
007_pgm_06	0:04:41	0:05:00	1.07	0:04:54	1.04
008_pgm_12	0:04:59	0:07:26	1.49	0:05:07	1.03
009_pgm_02	1:03:29	2:23:00	2.25	1:03:29	1.00
010_pgm_10	0:27:24	0:27:40	1.01	0:28:32	1.04
011_pgm_09	0:11:31	0:21:51	1.90	0:11:18	0.98
012_pgm_02	1:03:29	3:22:44	3.19	1:02:33	0.99
013_pgm_11	0:17:42	0:18:46	1.06	0:17:48	1.01
014_pgm_01	0:40:00	0:37:41	0.94	0:36:16	0.91
015_pgm_06	0:02:58	0:03:01	1.01	0:02:58	1.00
016_pgm_08	0:26:15	1:18:46	3.00	0:26:29	1.01
017_pgm_01	0:20:00	0:34:15	1.71	0:18:23	0.92
018_pgm_06	0:02:58	0:02:59	1.01	0:02:58	1.00
019_pgm_06	0:01:13	0:01:25	1.17	0:01:15	1.03
020_pgm_08	0:51:07	0:50:16	0.98	0:48:52	0.96
021_pgm_06	0:07:32	0:07:39	1.02	0:07:33	1.00
022_pgm_06	0:01:13	0:01:16	1.04	0:01:15	1.02
023_pgm_07	0:02:37	0:03:22	1.28	0:03:09	1.20
024_pgm_06	0:01:13	0:01:16	1.04	0:01:15	1.03
025_pgm_03	0:17:54	0:18:33	1.04	0:18:25	1.03

		Time	Ratio	Time	Ratio
		w/o	(w/o)	with	with
code	dedicated	cpusets	/ ded.	cpusets	<u>/ ded.</u>
026_pgm_04	0:40:11	0:55:58	1.39	0:35:08	0.87
027_pgm_06	0:01:13	0:01:19	1.09	0:01:14	1.02
028_pgm_05	0:11:43	0:13:21	1.14	0:12:03	1.03
029_pgm_07	0:02:37	0:07:36	2.91	0:02:45	1.05
030_pgm_08	0:51:07	1:05:15	1.28	0:48:51	0.96
031_pgm_07	0:02:37	0:02:44	1.04	0:02:45	1.05
032_pgm_12	0:04:59	0:12:57	2.60	0:05:02	1.01
033_pgm_11	0:11:03	0:11:07	1.01	0:11:07	1.01
034_pgm_06	0:02:58	0:03:02	1.02	0:02:58	1.00
035_pgm_08	0:26:15	1:42:12	3.89	0:26:37	1.01
036_pgm_06	0:07:32	0:07:41	1.02	0:07:33	1.00
037_pgm_01	0:40:00	0:37:33	0.94	0:36:32	0.91
038_pgm_02	0:07:35	0:39:34	5.22	0:08:08	1.07
039_pgm_02	0:07:35	0:08:17	1.09	0:08:04	1.06
040_pgm_03	0:53:05	0:55:18	1.04	0:53:38	1.01
041_pgm_12	0:04:59	0:07:23	1.48	0:04:59	1.00
042_pgm_12	0:04:59	0:08:36	1.73	0:05:01	1.01
043_pgm_06	0:01:13	0:01:22	1.12	0:01:19	1.09
044_pgm_08	0:13:52	0:58:20	4.21	0:12:56	0.93
045_pgm_12	0:04:59	0:06:25	1.29	0:05:01	1.01
046_pgm_11	0:17:42	0:18:19	1.04	0:17:41	1.00
047_pgm_06	0:07:32	0:07:36	1.01	0:07:32	1.00
048_pgm_01	0:20:00	0:21:37	1.08	0:18:21	0.92
049_pgm_01	0:02:14	0:02:26	1.09	0:02:23	1.07

Batch Job Scheduling with Sgir Dynamic Cpusets - Conclusions

- Job runtime variations <u>dramatically</u> reduced
- Effective use of batch-only systems
 - Easy configuration
 - Increase system utilization and user satisfaction
- Can configure to work with batch+interactive systems
 - Using boot & static cpusets
 - Minimal sys admin once configured
- Supported in LSF, PBS, GRD

Preemptive, Priority Job Scheduler

- Developed for operational weather forecasting at Fleet Numerical Meterology & Oceanography Center (FNMOC)
- Replicate functionality on C90s
 (UNICOS, NQE, fair share scheduler)
 - High priority jobs preempt lower priority ones, obtain required resources fast
 - Low priority jobs resume after high priority jobs complete

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Preemptive, Priority Job Scheduler

Implementation:

- LSF 4.1, IRIX cpusets, resource pool manager (rpmd)
- Normal-priority job process:
 - Jobs submitted to LSF, held in pending state
 - Rpmd manages available resources (cpu & memory)
 - If available, creates cpuset, then requests LSF to release and attach job to cpuset
 - Destroys cpuset when job exits



Preemptive, Priority Job Scheduler

- High-priority job process:
 - Jobs submitted to LSF, held in pending state
 - Rpmd considers lower priority jobs to preempt
 - Suspends lower priority job(s), destroys cpusets
 - Creates cpuset for priority job, requests LSF to release and attach job to cpuset
 - Destroys cpuset when jobs exits
 - Low priority job(s) resumed execution



SQU Preemptive, Priority Job Scheduler

Status:

- Scheduler functionality complete; ready for operations
 - conversion to Trusted IRIX / MLS OS underway
- SGI retains rights to rpmd

For more info:

Preemptive, Priority Job Scheduling for Operational Weather Forecasting

on the SGI Origin Platform

SC '01 Extended Technical Abstract

(send me email: scc@sgi.com)

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